

Committee: Global Security 1B

Proposed by: China

Topic: Synthetic Drug Trafficking

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

Recalling its previous resolutions and decisions on synthetic drugs, especially resolution 65/3 of 16 April 2021 on intensifying efforts to address the diversion of non-scheduled chemicals frequently used in the illicit manufacture of drugs and the proliferation of designer precursors,

Reaffirming its commitment to implement the United Nations Convention Against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances of 1988, which provides a comprehensive framework for international cooperation to combat illicit drug trafficking,

Recognizing that synthetic drugs pose a serious threat to public health, security, and development, especially as they are often produced clandestinely with unknown ingredients and potency and are increasingly sold online through encrypted platforms and darknet markets.

1. Reaffirm the United Nations goal of decreasing the possibility of synthetic drug abuse or overdose around the world, eliminating economic dependency on the drug-making industry of regions such as the Golden Triangle, and the containment of cartels across the globe;
2. Urges member states to utilize the resources provided by the UN Toolkit on Synthetic Drugs, which includes topics ranging from legislative approach to prevention guide, in their efforts to limit synthetic drug trafficking; specifies that any financial aid given from one country to another may have specific conditions applied to the receiving country from the giving country
3. Calls on member states to provide complete rehabilitation services to synthetic drug abusers in recovery, helping them remove their psychological dependency on addictive substances and assimilating them back into society; specifying that each country may make laws punishing contributors and helping consumers as they see fit
 - a. The rehabilitation services will be funded by the UNODC and IMF as well as individual powers
 - b. This aid will include medical support, including supplies and personnel

4. Advise member states to advance regulations on the selling, export, and production of synthetic drugs and their precursors, and strengthen the education on the danger of synthetic drugs to teenagers in school, such as fentanyl and methamphetamine, specific to national context; censoring the use of synthetic drugs on the dark net; and calls for increased prison sentences for narcotic organized crimes, the punishments should vary as each country sees fit;
5. Encourage member states to provide needed economic assistance to make drug-producing regions less dependent on the drug-making industry, increasing its economic diversity;
6. Also Encourage member states to enhance international cooperation in exchanging information, intelligence, and evidence, and to work together to dismantle transnational criminal networks involved in synthetic drug trafficking and the cooperative use of UN peacekeeping forces between member states to combat the issue of synthetic drug trafficking and production.